

## **History**

At Alamiyah the study of History is integrated within the curriculum and woven through with the Great Lessons. During Lower and Middle Primary there is an emphasis on understanding key concepts for further study which are expanded upon in Upper Primary. Pupils will extend their historical knowledge of time, they will be able to make their own timelines, explore the lunar calendar and other systems of measuring time including the use of a sundial, candle clocks and the use of shadows and stars to chart time and for navigation.

An anthropological study of the needs of people is deepened to enable a broader understanding of the commonality of peoples and cultures over time to the present time. The lower and middle primary years provided an overview of ancient civilisations up until the renaissance, the origins of life and geologic time. In the Upper Primary, these areas will be looked at in more depth through the great lessons. However the focus in the upper years, is the study of the major centres of learning and discovery across the world, the growth of imperialism and the industrial revolution setting the scene for the events of the 20th and 21st Century. The History curriculum in the upper years covers the period from the renaissance till the end of the 19th Century. The curriculum plan contained in this document is aimed at the 9-11 age group covering upper primary. An overview of Modern 20th Century history will be covered in Year 7.

## History Long Term Curriculum Plan

Strand	Topic	Recommended
		age/stage
Exploration Of The	History Of Time And Time Measurement	9-11
History Of Time	Sand Timers	Year 5-6
	Candle Clocks	
	Sundials	
	<ul> <li>Use Of Shadows To Measure The Time For Prayer</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Using An Astrolabe To Measure Time Using The Stars</li> </ul>	



Past Civilizations	A History Of Past Civilisations, Societies, Governments, Culture,	9-11
	Innovations, Inventions, Advances In Learning	Year 5-6
	Stories Of Key Personalities	
	Rise Of Muslim Caliphate	
	<ul> <li>Umayyad Caliphate (Spread of Islam and Scholarship)</li> </ul>	
	o Hussain RA	
	o Ja'far As Sadiq	
	o Umar Ibn Abdul Aziz	
	o Abu Hanifah (4 Imams)	
	Abbasid Caliphate (Exchange Of Cultures And Knowledge)	
	Abdul Qadir Jilani	
	<ul> <li>Imam Al Ghazzali (Golden Age) Persian</li> </ul>	
	o Jabir Ibn Hayyan	
	<ul> <li>Harun Ar Rashid</li> </ul>	
	The Mongol Empire (Conquests and Empire)	
	Genghis Khan	
	The Crusades- (Conquest of Jerusalem)	
	Pope Urban II	
	Richard The Lionhart	
	Salahuddin Al Ayyubi	
	The Ottoman Empire	
	Sultan Mehmet Fatih	
	Sultan Selim	
	Sultan Suleyman	
	Travel And Navigation	
	Ibn Batutta	
	Marco Polo	
	Zheng He	
	Christopher Columbus	
	Europe And The Renaissance	
	Kings And Queens Of England	
	Thomas Aquinas	
	Johann Gutenberg	



	Leonardo Da Vinci	
	Martin Luther	
	Birth Of Modern Science And Philosophy	
	<ul> <li>Descartes</li> </ul>	
	Newton	
	Rise Of Colonialism And Imperialism	
	East India Company	
	Industrial Revolution	
	Famous Inventions And Inventors	
	History Of Continents And Countries (Pupil's Own Research And	
	Presentations)	
Seerah	Story of the life of Prophet Muhammad (PBUH)	9-11
	Arabian Peninsula before Prophethood	Year 5-6
	Signs of the Coming of the Prophet	
	Birth of the Prophet	
	<ul> <li>Early Childhood, Family ties and Bereavement</li> </ul>	
	Revelation and Prophethood	
	Makkan period of Prophethood	
	Boycott of Muslims in Makkah	
	Emigration to Abyssinia	
	The Ascension - Night Journey	
	<ul> <li>Migration and the Miraculous Spider in the Cave</li> </ul>	
	The Prophet and his Companions in Madina	
	Battle of Badr	
	Change of Direction of Prayer	
	Battle of Uhud	
	<ul> <li>Diplomatic letters sent to leaders of empires</li> </ul>	
	Peace and Return to Makkah	
	Farewell Speech	
	<ul> <li>Prophet's passing (peace and blessings be upon him)</li> </ul>	
	The first Caliph Abu Bakr	
	Second Caliph	
	Third Caliph	



	Fourth Caliph	
	Fifth Caliph	
	Stories of the Sahaba	
The Great Lessons	The First Great Lesson: The Beginning of the Universe and Earth	9-11
	The Creation of the Universe	Year 5-6
	Laws of the Universe	
	Story of Creation	
	Clock of Eras	
	Radioactive Dating of Meteorites from the Moon	
	Early Development of the Earth	
	Precambrian	
	Local Shields used for dating Precambrian	
	The Geologic Time Scale	
	Origin of the Earth	
	Outline of Timeline of Life	
	<ul> <li>Astronomy</li> </ul>	
	Composition of the Earth	
	<ul> <li>Volcanoes</li> </ul>	
	• Rocks	
	Chemistry and Physics	
	The Second Great Lesson: Life Comes to Earth	
	Bacteria	
	<ul> <li>Plants (classification and parts of: ferns, conifers, and</li> </ul>	
	flowering plants)	
	• Fossils	
	<ul> <li>Trilobites</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Dinosaurs</li> </ul>	
	Living and Nonliving	
	Classification Work	
	<ul> <li>Kingdom Animalia (Classification and parts of: insects, fish,</li> </ul>	
	amphibians, reptiles, birds, mammals)	
	Oceans and Ocean Life	



- Supercontinents (Pangaea, Laurasia, Gondwanaland)
- Continents
- Mountains
- Oxygen & Carbon Dioxide

The Third Great Lesson: Humans Come to Earth

- Ancient Civilizations
- Fundamental Needs
- The History of:
  - Tools
  - o Food preparation and Storage
  - Clothing
  - Shelter
  - Transportation
  - Medicine
  - Defense
  - o Art
  - Religion/Spirituality

The Fourth Great Lesson: How Writing Began

- History of Writing
- Hieroglyphic and Cuneiform Writing
- Different Alphabets
- Different Writing Systems (letters and characters)
- Ancient Civilizations
- The Printing Press

The Fifth Great Lesson: How Numbers Began

- History of Numbers
- History of Mathematics
- Different Number Systems
- How 'zero' came to be
- The invention of the Calendar



Systems and Units of Measurement
Economic Geography